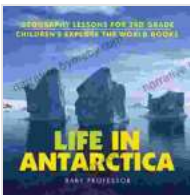


# Life in Antarctica: Geography Lessons for 3rd Grade Children

Antarctica is the coldest, driest, and highest continent on Earth. It is also the most remote, with no permanent residents. Antarctica is home to a variety of unique wildlife, including penguins, seals, and whales. It is also home to some of the most beautiful and awe-inspiring scenery on the planet.



## Life In Antarctica - Geography Lessons for 3rd Grade | Children's Explore the World Books by Baby Professor

★★★★★ 5 out of 5

Language : English

File size : 3532 KB

Screen Reader : Supported

Print length : 64 pages



In this article, we will take a journey to Antarctica and explore its geography and wildlife. We will learn about the different types of landforms found in Antarctica, including glaciers, icebergs, and mountains. We will also learn about the different types of animals that live in Antarctica, including penguins, seals, and whales.

## Geography of Antarctica

Antarctica is located at the South Pole. It is surrounded by the Southern Ocean. Antarctica is the fifth largest continent in the world, with an area of

14.2 million square kilometers. The continent is covered in ice, which is up to 4 kilometers thick in some places.

Antarctica is divided into two main regions: East Antarctica and West Antarctica. East Antarctica is the larger of the two regions, and it is home to the South Pole. West Antarctica is the smaller of the two regions, and it is home to the Antarctic Peninsula.

The Antarctic Peninsula is the only part of Antarctica that is not covered in ice. The peninsula is home to a variety of wildlife, including penguins, seals, and whales. The Antarctic Peninsula is also a popular tourist destination.

### **Wildlife of Antarctica**

Antarctica is home to a variety of unique wildlife. The continent is home to 17 species of penguins, including the emperor penguin, the king penguin, and the gentoo penguin. Antarctica is also home to a variety of seals, including the fur seal, the leopard seal, and the Weddell seal. Antarctica is also home to a variety of whales, including the blue whale, the humpback whale, and the killer whale.

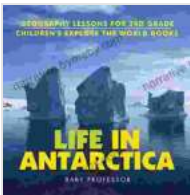
The wildlife of Antarctica is adapted to the cold climate. Penguins have thick layers of feathers to keep them warm. Seals have a layer of blubber to keep them warm. Whales have a thick layer of skin to keep them warm. The wildlife of Antarctica is also adapted to the lack of food. Penguins feed on krill, which are small crustaceans. Seals feed on fish and squid. Whales feed on krill, fish, and squid.

### **Exploration of Antarctica**

Antarctica was first discovered by Europeans in the 19th century. The first people to reach the South Pole were Roald Amundsen and Robert Falcon Scott in 1911. Since then, Antarctica has been explored by a variety of scientists and explorers.

Antarctica is a continent of mystery and wonder. It is a place of beauty and danger. It is a place that is worth exploring.

Antarctica is a fascinating continent that is full of unique geography and wildlife. It is a place that is worth exploring. If you are interested in learning more about Antarctica, there are a variety of resources available online and in libraries.



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